## Thai Poly Acrylic Public Company Limited Notes to interim financial statements For the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2013

### 1. General information

### 1.1 Basis for the preparation of interim financial statements

These interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, with the Company choosing to present condensed interim financial statements. However, the Company has presented the statements of financial position, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows in the same format as that used for the annual financial statements.

The interim financial statements are intended to provide information additional to that included in the latest annual financial statements. Accordingly, they focus on new activities, events and circumstances so as not to duplicate information previously reported. These interim financial statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the latest annual financial statements.

The interim financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The interim financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

### 1.2 New accounting standards

Below is a summary of accounting standards that became effective in the current accounting period and those that will become effective in the future.

### (a) Accounting standards that became effective in the current accounting period

Accounting standards:

TAS 12	Income Taxes	
TAS 20 (revised 2009)	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of	
	Government Assistance	
TAS 21 (revised 2009)	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	

Financial Reporting Standard:

TFRS 8 Operating Segments

Accounting Standard Interpretations:

TSIC 10	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating
	Activities
TSIC 21	Income Taxes - Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable
	Assets
TSIC 25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its
	Shareholders

Accounting Treatment Guidance for Transfers of Financial Assets

These accounting standards, financial reporting standard, accounting standard interpretations and accounting treatment guidance do not have any significant impact on the financial statements, except for the accounting standard for income taxes, as detailed below.

### TAS 12 Income Taxes

This accounting standard requires an entity to identify temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the statement of financial position and its tax base and recognise the tax effects as deferred tax assets or liabilities subjecting to certain recognition criteria. The Company changed this accounting policy in the first quarter of 2013 and restated the prior year's financial statements, presented as comparative information, as though the Company had initially recognised the tax effects as deferred tax assets or liabilities. The change has the effect of decreasing the profit of the Company for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2013 by Baht 0.6 million, or 0.005 Baht per share, and Baht 0.1 million or 0.0007 Baht per share, respectively (2012: decreasing the profit by Baht 0.7 million, or 0.005 Baht per share, and Baht 1.6 million, or 0.013 Baht per share, respectively). The cumulative effect in the brought-forward retained earrings has been separately presented in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

### (b) Accounting standards that will become effective in the future

		Effective date		
Accounting Standard:				
TAS 12 (revised 2012)	Income taxes	1 January 2014		
Financial Reporting Stand	dard:			
TFRS 4	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2016		
Accounting Standard Inte	erpretations:			
TSIC 15	Operating Leases - Incentives	1 January 2014		
TSIC 27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions	1 January 2014		
	Involving the Legal Form of a Lease			
TSIC 29	Service Concession Arrangements:	1 January 2014		
	Disclosures			
TSIC 32	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs	1 January 2014		
Financial Reporting Stand	dard Interpretations:			
TFRIC 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning,	1 January 2014		
	Restoration and Similar Liabilities			
TFRIC 4	Determining whether an Arrangement	1 January 2014		
	contains a Lease			
TFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from	1 January 2014		
	Decommissioning, Restoration and			
	Environmental Rehabilitation Funds			
TFRIC 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under	1 January 2014		
	TAS 29 Financial Reporting in			
	Hyperinflationary Economies			
TFRIC 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	1 January 2014		
TFRIC 12	Service Concession Arrangements	1 January 2014		
TFRIC 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes	1 January 2014		
TFRIC 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	1 January 2014		
TFRIC 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers	1 January 2014		

The management of the Company has assessed the effect of the above accounting standard, financial reporting standard, accounting standard interpretation and financial reporting standard interpretations and believes that they will not have any significant impact on the financial statements for the year when they are initially applied.

### 1.3 Significant accounting policies

The interim financial statements are prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as were used for the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012, except for the change in the accounting policy due to the adoption of TAS 12 *Income Taxes* as follow:

### Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

### **Current tax**

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Company recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while it recognises deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Company reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Company records deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.

### 2. Related party transactions

During the periods, the Company had significant business transactions with related parties. Such transactions, which are summarised below, arose in the ordinary course of business and were concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon between the Company and those related parties.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	For the th	ree-month	For the nine-month periods ended		
	periods	ended			
	30 September		30 September		Pricing policies
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
Transactions with related parties					
Sales of goods	7	2	13	13	With reference to market price
Purchases of raw materials	136	138	424	454	As agreed with reference to
					market price
Service expenses	1	1	4	3	Contract price and as agreed

The balances of the accounts between the Company and those related parties as at 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012 are as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	30 September 31 December		
	2013 2012		
		(Audited)	
Trade receivables - related parties (Note 3)			
Related companies (under common parent company)	6,554	6,229	
Trade and other payables - related parties (Note 6)			
Related companies (under common parent company)	4,461	5,607	
Related companies (under common ultimate parent company)			
Thai MMA Company Limited	179,792	170,218	
Others	7,864	10,427	
Total trade and other payables - related parties	192,117	186,252	

### Directors and management's remunerations

During the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2013, the Company had employee benefits of its directors and management recognised as expenses totaling Baht 4 million and Baht 15 million, respectively (2012: Baht 5 million and Baht 15 million, respectively).

### 3. Trade and other receivables

	(Unit: Thousand Baht		
	30 September	31 December	
	2013	2012	
		(Audited)	
Trade receivables - related parties			
Aged on the basis of due dates			
Not yet due	2,980	4,213	
Past due			
Up to 3 months	3,574	2,016	
Total trade receivables - related parties	6,554	6,229	
Trade receivables - unrelated parties			
Aged on the basis of due dates			
Not yet due	264,264	293,204	
Past due			
Up to 3 months	61,546	75,555	
3 - 6 months	25	948	
Over 1 year	250		
Total trade receivables - unrelated parties	326,085	369,707	
Total trade receivables	332,639	375,936	
Other receivables	595	1,014	
Total trade and other receivables	333,234	376,950	

### 4. Reduce cost to net realisable value of inventories

Movements of the reduce cost to net realisable value of inventories account during the nine-month period ended 30 September 2013 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Balance as at 1 January 2013	6,866
Add: Reduce cost to net realisable value of inventories	
increase during the period	3,949
Less: Reversal of reduce cost to net realisable value of inventories	
during the period	(3,942)
Balance as at 30 September 2013	6,873

### 5. Property, plant and equipment

Movements of the property, plant and equipment account during the nine-month period ended 30 September 2013 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Net book value as at 1 January 2013	376,550
Add: Acquisitions during the period - at cost	29,466
Less: Disposals during the period - net book value	
as at disposal date	(691)
Depreciation for the period	(13,152)
Net book value as at 30 September 2013	392,173

### 6. Trade and other payables

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	30 September 31 December		
	2013 2012		
		(Audited)	
Trade payables - related parties	189,539	183,667	
Trade payables - unrelated parties	123,477	163,779	
Amount due to related parties	2,578	2,585	
Other payables	21,949	38,004	
Accrued expenses	21,802	30,148	
Total trade and other payables	359,345	418,183	

### 7. Provision for long-term employee benefits

Movements of the provision for long-term employee benefits account during the nine-month period ended 30 September 2013 are summarised below.

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	Legal severance	Long service	
	payment plan	awards	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2013	12,285	1,256	13,541
Recognition during the period	1,830	278	2,108
Balance as at 30 September 2013	14,115	1,534	15,649

### 8. Undrawn credit facilities

The credit facilities of the Company granted by financial institutions amounting to Baht 238 million (31 December 2012: Baht 238 million) have yet to been drawn down and are secured by the following collaterals:

- a) The pledges/mortgages by land, buildings, machinery and equipment of the Company, with cost totaling Baht 77 million (31 December 2012: Baht 77 million)
- b) The pledge/mortgage by twelve-month fixed deposit (for bank overdraft facilities)

In October 2013, the Company redeemed these collaterals, with no impact to the Company's credit facilities.

### 9. Income tax

Income tax expenses for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2013 and 2012 are made up as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	For the three-month periods ended 30 September		For the nine-month periods ended 30 September	
	<u>2013</u> <u>2012</u>		2013	<u>2012</u>
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Current income tax:				
Interim corporate income tax charge	1,506	6,016	10,187	25,173
Deferred tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of				
temporary differences	568	681	89	1,646
Income tax expenses reported in the				
statements of comprehensive income	2,074	6,697	10,276	26,819

Interim corporate income tax was calculated on profit before income tax for the period, using the estimated effective tax rate for the year.

### 10. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

On 22 April 2013, the Annual General Meeting of the Company's shareholders passed a resolution to approve a change in the par value of the Company's shares from Baht 10 per share to Baht 1 per share. The Company registered the change in par value with the Ministry of Commerce on 10 May 2013. Therefore, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period is the number of shares after having reflected the change in par value as if the share split had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period reported.

	For the three-month		For the nine-month	
	periods ended		periods ended	
	30 September		30 September	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
	(Restated)			(Restated)
Profit for the period (Thousand Baht)	9,504	22,829	43,336	90,468
Weighted average number of ordinary				
shares (thousand shares)	121,500	121,500	121,500	121,500
Earnings per share (Baht per share)	0.08	0.19	0.36	0.74

#### 11. Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance.

The Company is engaged principally in the manufacture and sale of Acrylic sheets, Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene sheets, High Impact Polystyrene sheets and other extruded plastic sheets. Each of these products is considered part of the same line of business, which is regarded as a single operating segment. As a result, all of the revenues, operating profits and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain to the aforementioned reportable operating segment.

Sales and service income by geographical segments of the Company for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

			(Unit	: Million Baht)
	For the three-month		For the nine-month	
	periods	s ended	period	s ended
	30 Sep	otember	30 Sep	otember
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Segment in Thailand	216	251	712	797
Segment in overseas	119	129	352	357
Total	335	380	1,064	1,154

### 12. Dividends paid

During the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2013 and 2012, the Company declared the following dividends for payment to its shareholders.

<b>Dividend</b>	Approved by	Total dividends	Dividend per share
		(Million Baht)	(Baht per share)
For the nine-month pe	riod ended 30 September 2013		
Final dividend for	Annual General Meeting of the		
year 2012	shareholders on 22 April 2013	61	5.0
For the nine-month pe	riod ended 30 September 2012		
Final dividend for	Annual General Meeting of the		
year 2011	shareholders on 27 April 2012	55	4.5
Interim dividend for	Board of Directors Meeting on		
year 2012	10 August 2012	24	2.0
Total dividends		79	6.5

### 13. Commitments and contingent liabilities

### **13.1 Capital commitments**

As at 30 September 2013, the Company had capital commitments of Baht 12 million (31 December 2012: Baht 0.3 million), relating to the acquisitions of machinery and equipment.

### 13.2 Operating lease and service agreement commitments

The Company has entered into lease agreement in respect of the lease of buildings and several service agreements. The terms of the agreements are generally between 1 to 3 years.

Future minimum lease payments required under these non-cancellable operating lease and service agreements were as follows:

		(Unit: Million Baht)
	30 September 2013	31 December 2012
Payable within:		
Less than 1 year	3	3
1 to 5 years	-	1

### 13.3 Bank guarantees

As at 30 September 2013, there were outstanding bank guarantees of Baht 7 million (31 December 2012: Baht 7 million) issued by a bank on behalf of the Company in respect of electricity usage and others.

### 14. Foreign currency risk

The balances of financial assets and liabilities of the Company denominated in foreign currencies are summarised below.

Foreign currency	Financial assets		Financial liabilities		Average exchange rate	
	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
	30 September	31 December	30 September	31 December	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 foreig	In currency unit)
US dollar	3.4	2.7	0.3	0.5	31.3907	30.6316
Australian dollar	0.4	0.6	-	-	29.2042	31.7757
Japanese yen	-	-	10.5	0.1	0.3211	0.3545
Euro	-	-	-	6.6	42.3605	40.5563

The outstanding forward exchange contracts of the Company are summarised below.

	As	at 30 September 2013	
Foreign currency	Amount	Contractual exchange rate	Contractual maturity date
	(Million)	(Baht per 1 foreign currency unit)	
Contracts to sell foreign currencies			
US dollar	2.1	31.1242 - 31.3320	9 December 2013 to
			14 February 2014
	As	at 31 December 2012	
Foreign currency	Amount	Contractual exchange rate	Contractual maturity date
	(Million)	(Baht per 1 foreign currency unit)	
Contracts to sell foreign currencies			
US dollar	1.5	30.7125 - 30.7325	11 April to 10 May 2013

# 15. Approval of interim financial statements

These interim financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 12 November 2013.